## **IN THE CLAIMS**:

Please add claims 64-68 as follows:

- 1 -32. (Cancelled)
- 33. (Previously Presented) A method of securing communication between a first party and a second party in a telecommunications network comprising the steps of:

defining a criteria for selecting one of a plurality of different security methods, the plurality of security methods each comprising a plurality of messages selected from a set of message types, at least two different security methods having at least one message in common;

selecting one of the said plurality of different security methods in accordance with said defined criteria; and

performing said security method.

- 34. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 33, wherein said criteria is to select the security method is selected at random.
- 35. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 33, wherein said criteria is to select said security method based on the processing capability of the first and/or second party.

- 36. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 33, wherein said criteria is to select the security method in dependence on the amount of time since the last security method was performed.
- 37. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 33, wherein said criteria is to select the security method based on the function provided by the security method.
- 38. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 33, wherein the plurality of security methods comprise at least one authentication method and/or at least one rekeying method.
- 39. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 38, wherein at least one authentication method includes a key exchange to create a shared secret.
- 40. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 38, wherein a rekeying method is performed after an authentication method.
- 41. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 38, wherein a rekeying method is carried out without authentication.

- 42. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 38, wherein the rekeying method is authenticated.
- 43. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 42, wherein the set of messages includes at least one of the following message types: at least one random number message; at least one hash function message; at least one signature function message; at least one parameter for use with a given function message; at least one security parameter message; at least one key for a given function message; at least one encoded message; at least one message to and/or from at least one third party; and at least one authentication response message.
- 44. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 43 wherein the set of messages includes the following message types: one signature function message; two security parameter messages; two random number messages; one encoded signature function message; one encoded user identification message; two parameters for use with given function messages; two hash function messages; one contact message with a third party; one response message from the third party; one authentication response message; and two public parameters for the given function.
- 45. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 44, wherein the set of messages are as follows:

```
1.
     n,g
2.
      R
3.
     R'
4.
      Ρ
      Р'
5.
6.
     g<sup>x</sup>mod n
7.
     gymod n
8.
     hash[SIG 1] (n|g|g^x|g^y|g^{xy}|P|P'|R|R'|B)
     hash[SIG 2] (n|g|g^x|g^y|g^{xy}|P|P'|R|R'|B|U)
9.
     SIG_B(hash[SIG1]n|g|g^x|g^y|g^{xy}|P|P'|R|R'|B)
10.
     E_K(SIG_u(hash[SIG2](n|q|q^x|q^y|q^{xy}|P|P'|R|R'|B|U))
11.
12.
     E_K(S_{II})
13.
     hash[AUTH](n|g|g^{xy}mod n|R|R'|B|U), U
14.
     hash[RESP] (hash[SEC]S|hash[AUTH] (n|q|q<sup>xy</sup>mod n|R|R'|B|U))
15.
     hash[SEC](S|hash[AUTH](n|q|qxymod n|R|R'|B|U))
```

where n and g are Diffie Hellman public parameters, R and R' are random numbers, P and P' are security parameters, g is a generator of the Diffie Hellman exchange, x and y are random exponents, n is the modulus of the Diffie Hellman key exchange, B and U are the identity of the first and second parties, SIG represents a signature,  $E_K$  represents encryption, AUTH represents authentication.

46. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 43, wherein a first security method uses the following messages: the first and second keys for a given function messages; first and second random number messages, first and second security parameter messages, a signature function message, one encoded user identification message and optionally at least two parameters for use with a given function message.

- 47. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 43 wherein a second security method uses first and second random number messages, first and second security parameter messages, first and second keys for a given function messages, a signature function message and optionally first and second parameters for use with the given function message.
- 48. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 43 wherein a third security method uses first and second random number messages, first and second security parameter messages, first and second keys for given function messages, one encoded user identification message, one message to and one message from a third party, one authentication response message and optionally first and second parameters for use with a given function message.
- 49. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 43 wherein said security method is a first rekeying method and comprises first and second random number messages.
- 50. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 43 wherein the security method is a second rekeying method and uses first and second random number messages and first and second hash function messages.

- 51. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 43 wherein the security method is a third rekeying method comprising first and second random number messages, a signature function message and an encoded message.
- 52. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 43, wherein one security method is a fourth rekeying method and comprises the use of first and second random number messages, one message to and one message from the third party and one authentication response message.
- 53. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 43, wherein the given function is a Diffie-Hellman function.
- 54. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 43, wherein at least one of said messages types comprises two messages, one message being from the first party and the other message being from the second party.
- 55. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 43, wherein the encoded message is used to transfer information as to the identity of at least one of the first and second parties to the other of the first and second parties.

- 56. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 43, wherein at least one of said first and second parties is arranged to communicate with a trusted third party and is arranged to receive messages from and/or send messages to that trusted third party.
- 57. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in any of claims 43, wherein the exchange of messages between the first and second parties permits a shared secret to be created which is used to authenticate the communication between the parties.
- 58. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 38, wherein at least one rekeying method comprises the steps of exchanging at least one random number between the first and second parties.
- 59. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 58, wherein at least one of the random numbers is authenticated.
- 60. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 33, wherein at least one of said first and second stations comprises a mobile station.
- 61. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 60, wherein at least one of the first and second stations comprises a base station.

- 62. (Previously Presented) A wireless telecommunication system comprising a first station and a second station with means adapted for performing all of the steps of the method according to claim 33.
- 63. (Previously Presented) A telecommunications network element for securing communication between a first party and a second party comprising:

means for defining a criteria for selecting one of a plurality of different security methods, the plurality of security methods each comprising a plurality of messages selected from a set of message types, at least two different security methods having at least one message in common;

selection means for selecting one of said plurality of different security methods in accordance with said defined criteria; and

means for ensuring that the communication between said first and second parties is in accordance with said selected security method.

64. (New) A terminal for securing communications between a first party and a second party comprising:

means for defining a criteria for selecting one of a plurality of different security methods, the plurality of security methods each comprising a plurality of messages selected from a set of message types, at least two different security methods having at least one message in common;

selection means for selecting one of said plurality of different security methods in accordance with said defined criteria; and

means for ensuring that the communication between said first and second party is in accordance with said selected security method.

65. (New) A system for securing communications between a first party and a second party comprising:

means for defining a criteria for selecting one of a plurality of different security methods, the plurality of security methods each comprising a plurality of messages selected from a set of message types, at least two different security methods having at least one message in common;

selection means for selecting one of said plurality of different security methods in accordance with said defined criteria; and

means for ensuring that the communication between said first and second party is in accordance with said selected security method.

66. (New) A computer program product comprising computer-readable code, the computer-readable code causes a computer to perform a procedure for securing communications between a first party and a second party comprising:

means for defining a criteria for selecting one of a plurality of different security methods, the plurality of security methods each comprising a plurality of messages selected from a set of message types, at least two different security methods having at least one message in common;

selection means for selecting one of said plurality of different security methods in accordance with said defined criteria; and

means for ensuring that the communication between said first and second party is in accordance with said selected security method.

67. (New) A method of securing communication between a first party and a second party in a telecommunications network comprising the steps of:

defining a criteria for selecting one of a plurality of different security methods each having a different set of steps for performing the respective security methods, the plurality of security method each comprising a plurality of messages selected from a set of message types, at least two different security methods having at least one message in common;

selecting one of the said plurality of different security methods in accordance with said defined criteria; and

performing said security method.

68. (New) A method of securing communication between a first party and a second party in a telecommunications network comprising the steps of:

defining a criteria for selecting one of a plurality of different security methods, the plurality of security method each comprising a plurality of messages selected from a set of message types, at least some of the different security methods having different message types and at least two different security methods having at least one message in common;

selecting one of the said plurality of different security methods in accordance with said defined criteria; and

performing said security method.